Digital Stepper Drive CWD •• ٦

\. Introduction

Descriptions

The CWD°°[¬] is a new generation digital ^γ-phase stepper motor driver, based on a ^r^γ-bit DSP processor, combination of the anti-resonance, low noise, micro-step and low temperature rise technology significantly improve the performance of the stepper motor, has low noise, small vibration, low temperature rise and high-speed torque. The driver use online adaptive PID technology, without manual adjustment can be automatically generated optimal parameters for different motors, and achieve the best performance.

Supply voltage range from $\checkmark \lor VDC$ to $\circ \lor VDC$, suitable for driving various $\urcorner -phase$ hybrid stepping motors which phase current below $\circ, \urcorner A$. The micro-step can be set from full step to $\circ \lor \urcorner \cdot \cdot$ steps/rev and the output current can be set from $\urcorner, \urcorner A$ to $\circ, \urcorner A$; with automatic idle-current reduction, self-test, over-voltage, under-voltage and over-current protection.

Features

- High-performance, low price
- micro-step
- Automatic idle-current reduction
- Optical isolating signal I/O
- Max response frequency up to $\cdot \cdot Kpps$
- Low temperature rise, smooth motion
- Online adaptive PID technology

Applications

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Suitable for a variety of large-scale automation equipments and instruments. For example: labeling machine, cutting machine, packaging machine, plotter, engraving machine, CNC machine tools and so on. It always performs well when applied for equipment which requires for low-vibration, low-noise, high-precision and high-velocity.

Electrical Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Input Voltage(DC)	۲.	-	0,	VDC
Output current	*	-	०,٦	А
Pulse Signal Frequency	*	-	۲	KHZ
Input Signal Current	٧	١.	١٦	mA



۲. Current and micro-step Setting

Current setting

Peak	RMS	SW	SW۲	SW۳
Default		off	off	off
۲٫۱۸	١,0A	on	off	off
۲,۷А	١,٩А	off	on	off
٣,٢Α	۲,۳А	on	on	off
۳,۸А	۲,۷А	off	off	on
٤,٣A	۳,۱A	on	off	on
٤,٩A	٣,0A	off	on	on
٥,٦A	٤,•A	on	on	on

Standstill Current Setting

 SW^{ξ} is used for standstill current setting. OFF means that the standstill current is half of the dynamic current; and ON means that standstill current is the same as the selected dynamic current. Usually the SW^{ξ} is set to OFF, in order to reduce the heat of the motor and driver.

Micro-step Setting

Step/Rev	SW°	SW٦	SWY	SWA
Default	on	on	on	on
۸	off	on	on	on
17	on	off	on	on
۳۲۰۰	off	off	on	on
75	on	on	off	on
174	off	on	off	on
202	on	off	off	on
017	off	off	off	on
۱۰۰۰	on	on	on	off
۲۰۰۰	off	on	on	off
٤ • • •	on	off	on	off
0	off	off	on	off
۸	on	on	off	off
۱۰۰۰	off	on	off	off
۲۰۰۰	on	off	off	off
٤	off	off	off	off

". Connectors and Pin Assignment

Control Signal connector		
Name	Description	
PUL+	Pulse signal positive	
PUL-	Pulse signal negative	
DIR+	Direction signal positive	
DIR-	Direction signal negative	
ENA+	Enable signal positive, usually left unconnected(enable)	
ENA-	Enable signal negative, usually left unconnected(enable)	

Control signal Connector

Power and Motor Connector

GND	Power Ground
+VDC	Power supply, + ^Y ·~+ ^o · VDC
A+	Motor phose A
A-	Motor phase A
B+	Matanahara D
B-	Motor phase B

Control Signal Connector Interface

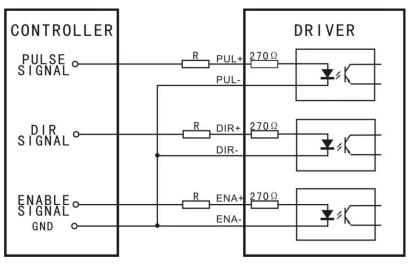
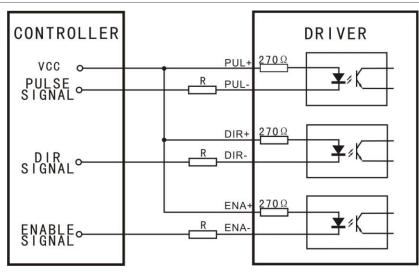


Figure ': Common-Cathode





Figure⁷: Common-Anode

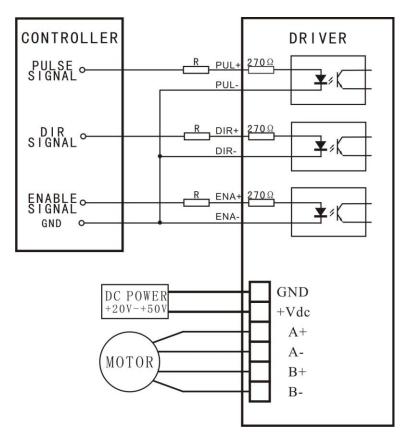


Figure [°]: Typical connection

VCC	R
٥٧	*
١٢V	٦٨٠ Ω
۲٤۷	١,٨ΚΩ

[£]. Problems and Solutions

problems	Possible cause	solutions
	No power supply	Check the power supply
Motor is not	No control signal	Check the control signal
rotating	The driver is dischlad	Don't connected the enable
	The driver is disabled	signal or enable the driver
	Supply voltage is too high	Check the supply voltage
	or too low	Check the suppry voltage
AI M lights	Motor line short-circuit	Check motor lines eliminate the
ALM lights	Motor file short-circuit	short-circuit
	Motor line wrong connect	Check the motor wiring
	Motor or drive failure	Replace the motor or drive
Motor rotates in	Motor phases connected in reverse	Reverse the phases line
the wrong		Change the phases are
direction	Motor line break	connected
	The Micro steps set	
Inaccurate	incorrectly.	Set the correct segments
Position	The motor load is too heavy.	Increasing the current
	Control signal is interfered	Eliminate interference
	Power supply voltage too	Increasing the supply voltage
	low	increasing the suppry voltage
Motor Stalled	Accelerating time is too	Extend the acceleration time
motor Staned	short.	
	Current setting is too small	Increasing the current
	Motor torque is too small	Replace the motor



